

MVP Health Care Medical Policy

Medicare Part B: ENTYVIO (vedolizumab)

Type of Policy: Drug/Medical Therapy

Prior Approval Date: 01/01/2024 Approval Date: 10/01/2025 Effective Date: 12/01/2025

Related Policies:

Inflammatory Biologic Drug Therapy

Experimental or Investigational Procedures

Infliximab

Refer to the MVP website for the Medicare Part D formulary for drugs that may covered under the Part D benefit.

Drugs Requiring Prior Authorization (covered under the medical benefit)

J3380 Entyvio (vedolizumab, injection 1mg)

Overview/Summary of Evidence

ENTYVIO is an integrin receptor antagonist indicated for adult ulcerative colitis and adult Crohn's disease. Prior to initiating treatment with ENTYVIO, all members should be brought up to date with all immunizations according to current immunization guidelines. ENTYVIO is not recommended in members with active, severe infections until the infections are controlled. Providers should consider withholding treatment in members who develop a severe infection while on treatment with ENTYVIO. Providers should perform screening for tuberculosis (TB) according to the local practice.

Indications/Criteria

Coverage is provided in the following conditions:

Universal Criteria:

- · Member is at least 18 years of age; AND
- Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in gastroenterology;
 AND
- Member is not on concurrent treatment with another TNF-inhibitor, biologic response modifier, natalizumab products or other non-biologic agent (i.e., apremilast, tofacitinib, baricitinib, upadacitinib, etc.);
- Coverage duration (unless otherwise specified for applicable indication)
 - Initial coverage up to 6 months
 - Continuation of coverage 12 months

For the treatment of **Crohn's disease**:

 Documented moderate to severe active disease; AND Documented failure, contraindication, or ineffective response at maximum tolerated doses to a minimum (3) month trial on previous therapy with a TNF modifier such as adalimumab, certolizumab, or infliximab

Continuation of therapy will require documentation of:

Disease response as indicated by improvement in signs and symptoms compared
to baseline such as endoscopic activity, number of liquid stools, presence and
severity of abdominal pain, presence of abdominal mass, body weight compared
to IBW, hematocrit, presence of extra intestinal complications, use of antidiarrheal drugs, tapering or discontinuation of corticosteroid therapy, and/or an
improvement on a disease activity scoring tool [e.g., an improvement on the
Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) score or the Harvey-Bradshaw Index score].

For the treatment of **Ulcerative Colitis**:

 Documented moderate to severe active disease; AND Documented failure, contraindication, or ineffective response at maximum tolerated doses to a minimum (3) month trial of corticosteroids or immunomodulators (e.g., azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, or methotrexate); OR Documented failure, contraindication, or ineffective response at maximum tolerated doses to a

- minimum (3) month trial on previous therapy with a TNF modifier such as adalimumab, golimumab, or infliximab
- Requests for members with moderately severe UC, who are naïve to biologic therapies will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis consistent with the AGA quidelines.

Continuation of therapy will require documentation of:

Disease response as indicated by improvement in signs and symptoms compared
to baseline such as stool frequency, rectal bleeding, and/or endoscopic activity,
tapering or discontinuation of corticosteroid therapy, and/or an improvement on
a disease activity scoring tool [e.g., an improvement on the Ulcerative Colitis
Endoscopic Index of Severity (UCEIS) score or the Mayo Score].

Management of Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor-Related Diarrhea/Colitis/Pneumonitis:

- Member has been receiving therapy with an immune checkpoint inhibitor (e.g., nivolumab, pembrolizumab, atezolizumab, avelumab, durvalumab, cemiplimab, etc.); AND
- Member has moderate (grade 2) to severe (grade 3-4) diarrhea, colitis, or pneumonitis related to their immunotherapy; AND
- Documented failure, contraindication, or ineffective response to systemic corticosteroids or infliximab.

Continuation of therapy will require documentation of: May not be renewed for Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor-Related Diarrhea/Colitis/Pneumonitis

Exclusions

- Age, dose, frequency of dosing, and/or duration of therapy outside of FDA approved package labeling
- Combination therapy that is not supported by current clinical guidelines

References

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